GSTR 9

ANNUAL RETURN UNDER GST

What is the Annual return?

Consolidation of information furnished in the forms GSTR 1, GSTR 2, GSTR 3 & GSTR 3B

Details of Outward Supplies made and Inward Supplies received, categorized into different tax heads:

- > IGST
- **≻**CGST
- >SGST

There are 4 types of Annual Returns under GST:

- 1. **GSTR 9** : This is to be filed by **regular taxpayers** filing GSTR1, GSTR2, GSTR3, GSTR3B
- 2. **GSTR 9A**: This is to be filed by taxpayers registered under **Composition Scheme**
- 3. **GSTR 9B**: This is to be filed by **e-commerce operators** who have filed GSTR 8 during the financial year
- 4. **GSTR 9C**: This is to be filed by tax payers required to get their **accounts audited** under GST

GSTR 9

All the taxable persons/entities registered under GST and filing monthly/quarterly returns, except the following:

- Casual Taxable persons
- Input Service Distributors
- Non-resident taxable persons
- Persons paying TDS under section 51 of GST Act

1. **GSTR** 9

Part I: Basic details of the taxpayer

Part II : Details of Outward and Inward supplies declared during the Financial Year

Part III: Details of Input Tax Credit (ITC) declared in returns during the Financial Year

Part IV: Details of taxes paid under various heads during the Financial Year

<u>Part V</u>: Details of amendment or omission entries for returns filed upto the month of September

<u>Part VI</u>: Other information comprising details of:

- GST demands and refunds.
- HSN wise summary of the quantity of goods supplied and received with its corresponding Tax details.
- Late fees payable and paid, if any.
- Bifurcation of inward supplies received from different categories of Taxpayer Composition dealers, deemed supply and goods on approval basis

1. **GSTR** 9A

- To be filed by taxpayers registered under <u>composition scheme</u> filing <u>GSTR 4A</u> during the financial year.
- The form is divided into 5 parts with 17 tables including basic details, details of outward and inward supplies declared, details of taxes paid.

2. **GSTR** 9B

• To be filed by <u>e-commerce operators</u> filing GSTR 8 during the financial year.

3. **GSTR 9C**

- To be filed by taxpayers whose turnover exceeding two crores during the financial year and are required to get their accounts audited by a Chartered Accountant or Cost Accountant
- The form is divided into 2 parts:
 - Reconciliation Statement
 - Certification

GSTR 9C – Reconciliation Statement

The Reconciliation statement is divided into 5 parts:

Part I : Basic Details

Part II: Details of Outward and Inward supplies declared during the financial year

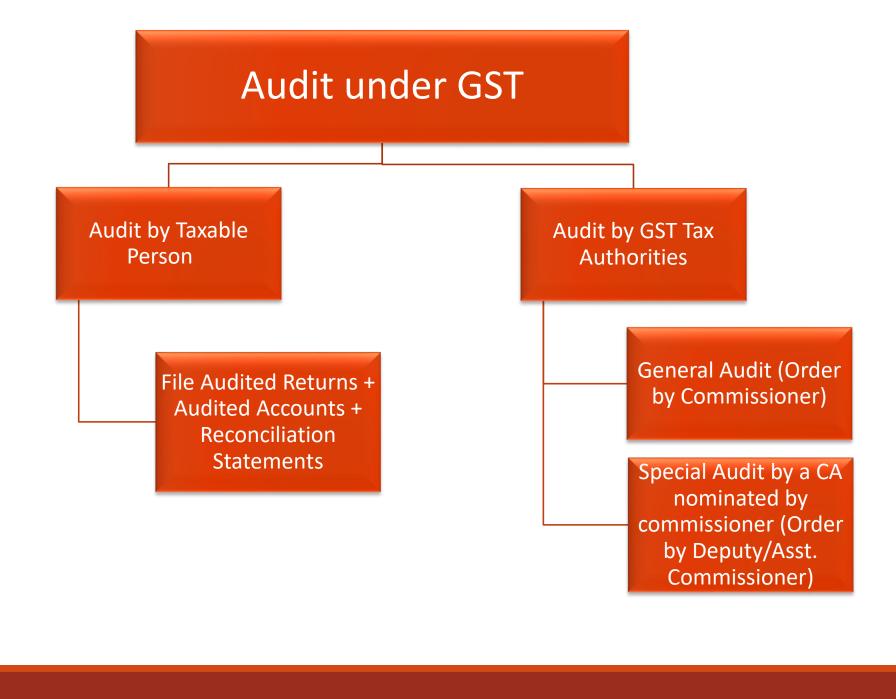
Part III: Details of ITC as declared in returns filed during the financial year

Part IV: Details of tax paid as declared in returns filed during the financial year

Part V: Particulars of transactions for the previous FY declared in returns of April to September of current Financial Year

GSTR 9C - Certification

- •The form GSTR 9C can be certified by same Chartered Accountant/Cost Accountant (CA) who conducted the GST Audit or by any other CA who did not conduct the GST Audit.
- •In case the CA certifying the form GSTR 9C did not conduct the GST audit, the CA certifying the form must have based an opinion on the books of accounts audited by the auditor CA.
- •The format of Certification report will thus vary depending on who the certifier of the form is.



Due Dates for Filing GSTR 9 forms

The due date of filing the GSTR 9 form is the 31st December of the subsequent financial Year.

For instance, the GSTR 9 forms as applicable for financial year 2017-18 ended 31st March 2018 is 31st December 2018.

Consequence of Not Filing of GSTR 9 form:

Late fee payable @ ₹ 100 per day per act for CGST & SGST up to a maximum of 0.25% of the turnover of taxpayer. No Late fee is payable on IGST

THANK YOU

PREPARED BY:

MUDIT VASAN

RUCHI ANAND & ASSOCIATES